(b) if so, the idea/purpose behind that and whether the purpose for which those persons were declared Bhumidhars has been achieved;

(c) whether the land allotted to those Bhumidhars could be sold/transferred by them; if not, the details of the Bhumidhars who have since sold their land; and

(d) the details of the persons who were declared Bhumidhars under Sections 74(4) and 85 DLR, 1954 giving their names, Khasra numbers, areas, villages and the names of present owners of those lands, as per the latest revenue records?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL AREAS AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI CHANDRADEO PRASAD VARMA): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. Some persons were declared Bhumidhars in Delhi under Section 74(4) and 85 of Delhi Land Reforms Act, 1954 to reclaim the uncultivable land of Gram Sabha for cultivation.

(c) and (d) The information is being collected from the NCT of Delhi and shall be placed on the Table of the House when received.

**Rural sanitation programme in Maharashtra**

156. MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE: Will the Minister of RURAL AREAS AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether centrally sponsored Rural Sanitation Programme is under implementation in Maharashtra, to provide sanitation facilities in rural areas of the State;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) the funds sought by the State Government for provision of sanitation facilities and funds actually released by Government during the last three years; year-wise;

(d) whether the programme has been successful in rural areas of Maharashtra; and

(e) if not, what remedial measures Government propose to take in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL AREAS AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI CHANDRADEO PRASAD VARMA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Construction of individual sanitary latrines for house-holds below the poverty line, construction of exclusive village sanitary complexes for women, intensive compaign for awareness generation and health education for creating felt need for personal, household and environmental sanitation facilities, etc. are some of the components of the programme.

(c) Under Central Rural sanitation Programme, the funds are allocated/released according to the fixed criteria/guidelines. The details of funds released are as under:

| Year | Amount released (Rs. in lakh) |
|---|---|
| 1993-94 | 200.900 |
| 1994-95 | 0.000 |
| 1995-96 | 212.000 |

(d) As per the reports received from the Government of Maharashtra, against the release of Rs. 212.00 lakhs during 1995-96 under normal Centrally Sponsored Rural Sanitation Programme, the State Govt. had incurred an expanditure of Rs. 216.34 lakh and constructed 13839 individual latrines and 142 village complexes for women. The Government of Maharasthra have drawn up an ambitious programme to construct 5-6 lakh individual toilets during 1996-97.

(e) Does not arise.

**Proposals of foreign companies for FPIs**

157. DR. (SHRIMATI) BHARATI RAY: Will the Minister of FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES be pleased to state:

(a) the different kinds of food processing industries for which foreign companies have sent proposals/schemes;

(b) whether work on any of the proposals has been started;

(c) if so, the details thereof;

(d) whether EEC has shown interest in strengthening horticulture development in India; and

(e) whether the Ministry is giving financial assistance to NGOs for setting up/upgrading food procesing facilities?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES (SHRI DILIP KUMAR RAY): (a) to (c) During the post liberalisation period, that is from July 1991 to October 1996, foreign investment proposals worth a sum of Rs. 7157 crores have been approved in the various sectors of food processing. Out of this, the projects implemented so far envisage foreign investment of Rs. 1836 crores. Sectorwise details are at the statement. (See below) Normally, it takes 2 to 3 years for implementation of a project.

(d) Yes, Sir. The EEC is providing assistance for horticulture development in Kerala under Kerala Horticulture Development Programme.

(e) The Ministry extends financial assistance under its plan schemes to State Government Organisations/Cooperatives/ Voluntary Organisations including Non-Government Organisations (NGOs) for setting up/expansion/modernisation of food processing units.

**Statement**

*Sectorwise Details of foreign investment approved and implemented projects*

*(Rs. in Crores)*

| Sector | Foreign Investment approved (upto Oct., 1996) | Foreign Investment in the implemented projects (upto July 1996) |
|---|---|---|
| 1. Grain milling & grain based. | 408 | 209 |
| 2. Fruits & Vegetable Products. | 761 | 112 |
| 3. Meat & poultry. | 302 | 147 |
| 4. Deep Sea Fishing fish processing & aquaculture. | 546 | 389 |
| 5. Fermentation Industry. | 320 | 67 |
| 6. Consumer industry including soft drinks/water/ confectionery etc. | 4299 | 701 |
| 7. Milk & Milk Products. | 292 | 211 |
| 8. Others including food additives, flavours etc. | 229 | — |
| | 7157 | 1836 |

**Interest free subsidy for solar water heaters**

158. DR. JAGANNATH MISHRA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have recently introduced an interest free subsidy programme for solar water heater system under the solar Thermal Energy Programme;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) whether commercial as well as technological viability of solar water heater system has been assessed while initiating the scheme and if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER & MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (DR. S. VENUGOPALACHARI): (a) and (b) The Government have introduced an interest subsidy scheme for providing soft loans to users for installation of solar water heating systems under the Solar Thermal Energy Programme. The scheme is being currently operated through the Indian Renewable Energy Development Agency